



## Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)

#### Public Primer

The STIP is a document that identifies the funding and scheduling of transportation projects and programs. It includes projects on the federal, state, city, and county transportation systems, multimodal projects (highway, passenger rail, freight, public transit, bicycle and pedestrian), and projects in the National Parks. The goal of this STIP Primer is to describe a few fundamentals regarding the STIP as well as how to get involved.

# Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)

Public Primer

#### What is the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)?

The Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) is a federally mandated 4-year funding and scheduling document for surface transportation projects (road, highway, pedestrian trails, bicycle facilities, bridge facilities and transit projects in Indiana). The STIP is important because federal and state money cannot be spent on projects unless they are listed in the STIP. The STIP is NOT a plan; it is a budget document that is used to schedule and fund projects. The projects listed in the STIP typically come from local and/or state-approved plans. Only projects which construction and operating funds can reasonably be expected to be available are included in the STIP.

The Indiana Department of Transportation (INDOT) develops the STIP in accordance with the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (FAST Act) and applicable federal regulations. Projects are developed in coordination with the state's metropolitan planning and rural planning organizations. Projects are listed in the STIP by county. The STIP verifies that transportation revenues are available and sufficient to finance the improvements. See the STIP *Users' Guide* or view the adopted STIP at: http://www.in.gov/indot/2348.htm.

#### When is the STIP is Prepared?

The STIP is completely updated every two years, typically during the odd year. The process is very involved and must be coordinated with various partners; entities at the local, state, and federal levels; and must adhere to our public participation/involvement policy at <a href="http://www.in.gov/indot/2366.htm">http://www.in.gov/indot/2366.htm</a> before approved. The update process can take up to 9-months.

# Outreach and Public Involvement

Two-way information sharing and stakeholder involvement is critical to the Indiana Department of Transportation (INDOT) in the development of a STIP that best meets the ongoing transportation needs of the state.

Public involvement provides Indiana a road map for assuring everyone's voice is not only heard, but makes sure it makes a difference in moving the Hoosier State forward.

#### How is the STIP Document Organized?

The STIP is organized in four sections.

• **Section 1: STIP Overview** – Provides an introduction and overview of the STIP and the process used to develop or amend the document and the coordination efforts (MPOs, RPOs, stakeholders, and the general public)



- Section 2: Requirements Describes state and federal requirements and how INDOT meets these requirements (public involvement, environmental justice, ADA, and agreements/coordination between states).
- Section 3: Financial Information/Permits— Describes and defines funding programs, revenue history/trends, financial summaries, risk management/mitigation strategies, financial plans for major capital projects (i.e. Ohio River Bridges, I-69 corridor), tables, and related information
- **Section 4: Project Listing** Projects are listed by project sponsor: state, local, transit, by county, funding

source, and phases:

- a. **Preliminary Engineering (PE)** Engineering analysis and design work to develop specifications, cost estimates to get a project to physical construction. PE can bring plans to 30% complete or lead to final design plans that are 100% complete.
- b. **Right of Way (RW)** Land acquisition activities, right of way costing, and related activities
- c. **Construction (CN)** This will include physical building activities approved roadway and transit construction activities and costs.

#### Who participates in the STIP Development Process?

A multi-disciplinary team participates in the development of the STIP from metropolitan/rural planning organizations, federal partners, freight advisory committees/stakeholders, transit providers, marine ports, local elected officials, and the general public.

#### How are Projects Chosen for the STIP?

Transportation projects begin through the identification of transportation needs, opportunities, or challenges and can be displayed in the STIP in phased development (e.g. PE, RW, and/or CN). Potential projects for the STIP can come from a number of sources from regional metropolitan plans, corridor studies, environmental studies, technical asset/engineering analysis, and transit providers just to name a few (See Sources for Projects in the STIP table in this document).

Each summer, INDOT District Offices open a 6-month Call for State Projects for proposed new projects on state facilities (interstates, U.S. Highways, and State Roads) and a separate Call for Local Projects. Proposed projects from the call are not fiscally constrained. All submitted projects are presented internally, reviewed, adjusted as needed, ranked and prioritized through state and local processes designed to assure the broadest participation in meeting the state's transportation needs. Funding estimates are established and the proposed projects are fiscally constrained based on their performance impacts. These new funded projects are approved by INDOT leadership and programmed into a scheduling system. Once these projects are programmed, they are amended into the STIP.

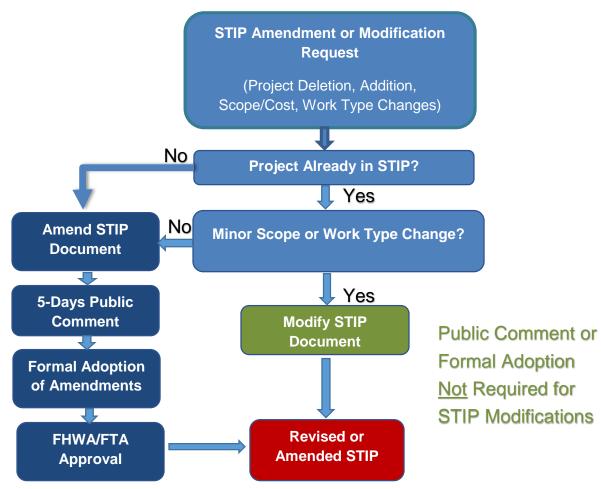
#### How are Projects Maintained in the STIP?

The STIP does undergo various amendments and modifications between complete updates (roughly an amendment occurring monthly). INDOT Transportation Planners, Project Managers, and Engineers work closely with Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs) and non-metropolitan local officials to address needed changes between formal STIP update cycles. The updated document and amendments are publically listed on our website at: <a href="http://www.in.gov/indot/2348.htm">http://www.in.gov/indot/2348.htm</a>.

#### Two Types of STIP Changes:

- **STIP Amendment** is a formal process that must be approved by FHWA, FTA, and must be associated with the MPO's TIP and formally approved by the MPO Policy Board. Amendments may include changes to phases of work, major project scope changes or project work type (e.g. bridge replacement to bridge repair).
- **STIP Modification** is not as formal and does not require formal approval from FHWA, FTA or the MPO Policy Board. Examples of modification include project advancement or deferment without changes to the project scope or cost or splitting a project.

#### **INDOT Monthly STIP Revision Process**



#### How Can You Get Involved with the STIP Development Process?

There are multiple opportunities along the way for the public and stakeholders to have a voice in the STIP process. The most effective way to get involved is to participate in the project discussion early, frequently, and strategically.



- 1. Attend local MPO Council Meetings in your area of interest. INDOT planners, engineers, and project managers often meet with MPO Board members, and Technical Advisory members to discuss and present project concepts, and answer questions from regional and local officials. Depending on the MPO, these opportunities may come every 2-4 months.
- 2. INDOT will have two opportunities for early involvement during our annual call process.
  - a. Local officials outside of MPO areas should meet with their INDOT District to discuss transportation needs and challenges. District Contact Information: https://entapps.indot.in.gov/dotmaps/districtmaps/
  - b. INDOT has a 45-day STIP public comment period. Public comments may be submitted by mail, email, or via our public comment form: www.in.gov/indot/3132.htm

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LaPorte

District

Crawfordsville

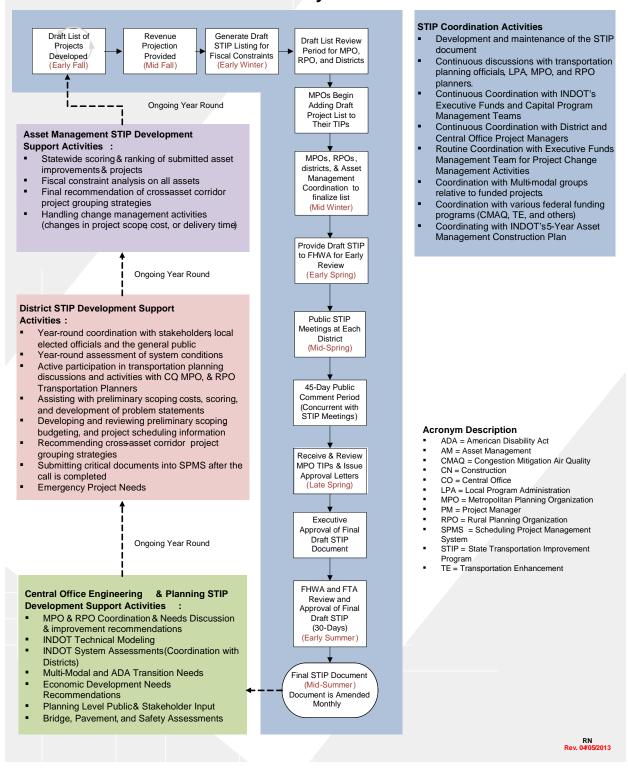
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Toll Free: 1-877-305-7611

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### State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) Development Process Every 2-Years



Sources	for	Pro	jects	in	the	STIP
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Decument Type	Prepared By	Contents
Document Type		
Regional Long-	Metropolitan Planning	A minimum of 20-years of projects or
Range Transportation Plans	Organizations	identified needs as part of a local land-use plans
State Long-Range	INDOT Transportation Planning	Minimum of 20-years of identified needs or
Transportation Plans	Department	high priority corridors
Statewide Corridor	INDOT Transportation Planning	20-25 year vision and needs for major
Vision Planning	Department	facilities at a corridor level.
Study (under		
development)		
Statewide	INDOT Transportation Planning	Interchange analysis on state facilities with
Interchange Planning	Department	recommendation for operational
Study		improvements and potential new
		interchange locations. Updated every 3-5
		years
Corridor/Project	Prepared by project sponsor	
Specific Studies	(INDOT, Local, MPO, using in-	
	house or consultant resources)	
Statewide Bike &	INDOT Planning Department	Links to regional and local bike and
Pedestrian	MPOs, RPOs, State Department	pedestrian plans/reports, state trails,
Reports/Documents	of Health, Natural Resources,	recommendations, goals, and objectives
	and Tourism as well as special	specific to non-motorized forms of travel.
Transit Bravidar	interests groups	
Transit Provider Plans	Local transit providers	
America with	INDOT Legal Team Department	Identified improvements and schedules for
Disabilities Act	with coordination with local cities	addressing pedestrian accommodation
Program and	and counties	issues and obstacles that limit the
Initiatives	and counties	accessibility of individuals with disabilities.
State Initiatives and	INDOT Planning Department and	Specifically funded projects that varies.
Programs	Project Sponsors	opcomodify runded projects that varies.
Pavement	INDOT Pavement Asset	Condition/performance reports, maps, and
Management System	Management Group	location of deficient roadway segments
		and identification of major road
		construction and resurfacing projects.
Bridge Management	INDOT Bridge Management	Condition/performance reports, maps, and
System	Asset Group	location of deficient large and small
		infrastructures
Congestion	INDOT Mobility Asset	Condition/performance reports, maps, and
Management	Management Group and Traffic	location of deficient large and small
Programs	Management Center	infrastructures and recommended
		strategies including operational
		improvements and intelligent
0.64.14	INIDOT O ( ) A	transportation system implementation
Safety Management	INDOT Safety Asset	
System Geotechnical	Management Group INDOT Pavement Asset	Information on readway infrastructure with
Assessments	Management Group	Information on roadway infrastructure with identified issues with slides and rock falls
Freight Mobility	INDOT Multimodal Department	Various recommended improvement
Report/Plan	114001 Maidinodal Departinent	strategies on roadways, rail lines, and
reportir fair		marine ports to address freight bottlenecks
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