INDIANA BOARD OF TAX REVIEW

Final Determination Findings and Conclusions Lake County

Petition #: 45-028-02-1-5-00110

Petitioner: Mercantile National IN TR 463¹

Respondent: Department of Local Government Finance

Parcel #: 008-34-22-0038-0006

Assessment Year: 2002

The Indiana Board of Tax Review (the "Board") issues this determination in the above matter, and finds and concludes as follows:

Procedural History

- 1. An informal hearing as described in Ind. Code § 6-1.1-4-33 was held between the Petitioner and the Respondent. The Department of Local Government Finance (DLGF) determined the Petitioners' property tax assessment for the subject property should be \$24,100 and notified the Petitioner on March 31, 2004.
- 2. The Board issued a notice of hearing to the parties dated August 9, 2004.
- 3. A hearing was held on September 22, 2004, in Crown Point, Indiana before Special Master Peter Salveson.

Facts

- 4. The subject property is located at 8665 Ainsworth Road, Hobart, Indiana.
- 5. The subject property is 5.73 acres of vacant land classified residential excess acreage.
- 6. The Special Master did not conduct an on-site visit of the property.
 - a. Assessed Value of the subject property as determined by the DLGF:

Land: \$24,100 Improvements: \$0

b. Assessed Value requested by Petitioner:

Land: \$7,000 Improvements: \$0

¹ It must be noted that the Notice of Final Assessment, the property record card, and correspondence from Mercantile identify this as Trust #3292.

7. The following persons were present and sworn in at the hearing:

For the Petitioner: William T. Modrak, Trustee

For the Respondent: David M. Depp, Staff Appraiser, Cole-Layer-Trumble

Issue

- 8. Summary of Petitioner's contentions in support of an alleged error in the assessment:
 - a. The Petitioner contends the subject property is over assessed. The Petitioner presented evidence indicating a natural gas pipeline was placed on the land. *Pet'r Ex. 5-6; Modrak testimony*.
 - b. The presence of the pipeline makes a majority of the property unsuitable for development. *Modrak testimony*.
 - c. The property is also part of a wetland area. Pet'r. Ex. 7-9; Modrak testimony.
 - d. The property, prior to the pipeline being added, consisted of 2.44 acres of developable land. *Pet'r Ex. 10; Modrak testimony*. The pipeline further reduced the amount of developable land to 2.07 acres of developable land. *Pet'r Ex. 11; Modrak testimony*.
 - e. The presence of the pipeline further reduces the market value of land. According to *Petitioner's Exhibit 11*, a professional appraiser stated the presence of the pipeline would reduce the value of the property by 75%.
- 9. The Respondent stated that they agreed with the Petitioner that the value of the land should be changed to \$7,000.

Record

- 10. The official record for this matter is made up of the following:
 - a. The Petition, and all subsequent submissions by either party.
 - b. The tape recording of the hearing labeled BTR# 280.
 - c. Exhibits

Petitioner Exhibit 1 – Exhibit cover sheet

Petitioner Exhibit 2 – Table of contents for exhibits

Petitioner Exhibit 3 – Comparison of 2001 and 2002 assessment

Petitioner Exhibit 4A – Property Record Card for 2001

Petitioner Exhibit 4B – Notice of change in Assessment for 2002

Petitioner Exhibit 4C – Property Record Card for 2002

Petitioner Exhibit 5 – Property Plot plan

Petitioner Exhibit 6 – Aerial view of property

Petitioner Exhibit 7 – Wetland inventory map index

Petitioner Exhibit 8 – Lake County soil analysis

Petitioner Exhibit 9 – Lake County flood plain analysis

Petitioner Exhibit 10 – Description of property

Petitioner Exhibit 11 – History of pipeline installation

Petitioner Exhibit 12 – Legal description of 50-foot easement as a result of the pipeline

Petitioner Exhibit 13 – tax statement, 2001

Petitioner Exhibit 14 – tax statement, 2002

Respondent Exhibit 2 – 2002 property record card for subject

Respondent Exhibit 3 – Plat map for subject area

Board Exhibit A – Form 139L

Board Exhibit B – Notice of Hearing

Board Exhibit C – Sign in Sheet

d. These Findings and Conclusion.

Analysis

11. The most applicable laws are:

- a. A Petitioner seeking review of a determination of an assessing official has the burden to establish a prima facie case proving that the current assessment is incorrect, and specifically what the correct assessment would be. *See Meridian Towers East & West v. Washington Twp. Assessor*, 805 N.E.2d 475, 478 (Ind. Tax Ct. 2003); *see also, Clark v. State Bd. of Tax Comm'rs*, 694 N.E.2d 1230 (Ind. Tax Ct. 1998).
- b. In making its case, the taxpayer must explain how each piece of evidence is relevant to the requested assessment. *See Indianapolis Racquet Club, Inc. v. Washington Twp. Assessor*, 802 N.E.2d 1018, 1022 (Ind. Tax Ct. 2004) ("[I]t is the taxpayer's duty to walk the Indiana Board . . . through every element of the analysis").
- c. Once the Petitioner establishes a prima facie case, the burden shifts to the assessing official to rebut the Petitioner's evidence. *See American United Life Ins. Co. v. Maley*, 803 N.E.2d 276 (Ind. Tax Ct. 2004). The assessing official must offer evidence that impeaches or rebuts the Petitioner's evidence. *Id.; Meridian Towers*, 805 N.E.2d at 479.
- 12. The Petitioner requested an Assessed Value of \$7,000 on the Form 139L. After the Petitioner presented his evidence, Respondent agreed the Assessed Value should be changed to \$7,000.
- 13. The Board accepts the concession by Respondent as an agreement between the parties. The Board's acceptance of this agreement should not be construed as a determination regarding the propriety of the assessed value agreed to by the parties.

14.	There is a change in the assessment as a result of this agreement.	The Assessed Value of
	the land should be changed to \$7,000.	

Final Determination

In accordance with the above analysis the Indiana Board of Tax Review now determines that the land value for this parcel should be changed to \$7,000 based on the agreement of the parties at the hearing.

ISSUED:		
Commissioner,	 	
Indiana Board of Tax Review		

IMPORTANT NOTICE

- APPEAL RIGHTS -

You may petition for judicial review of this final determination pursuant to the provisions of Indiana Code § 6-1.1-15-5. The action shall be taken to the Indiana Tax Court under Indiana Code § 4-21.5-5. To initiate a proceeding for judicial review you must take the action required within forty-five (45) days of the date of this notice.