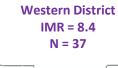
## INFANT MORTALITY

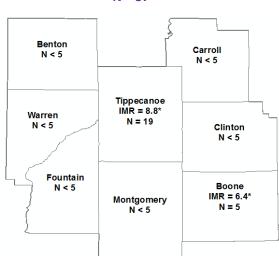
### Western Hospital Region 2018

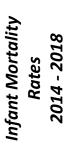
#### INDIANA STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH **DIVISION OF MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH**

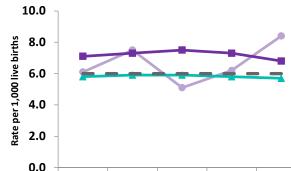
For more information on infant mortality in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Infant Mortality Dashboard (https://www.in.gov/isdh/27470.htm)











	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Western Region	6.1	7.5	5.1	6.2	8.4
—■— Indiana	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.3	6.8
─ <b>─</b> U.S.	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.7
— — HP 2020 Goal	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0

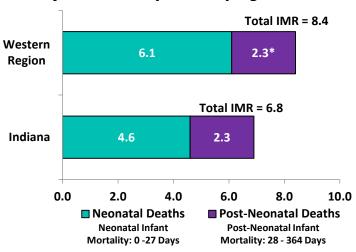
#### PRACTICES TO REDUCE **INFANT MORTALITY**

- Improve overall health for women of child-bearing age.
- Promote early & adequate prenatal care.
- Decrease early elective deliveries before 39 weeks.
- Decrease prenatal smoking & substance use.
- Increase breastfeeding duration & exclusivity.
- Support birth spacing & interconception wellness.
- Promote the ABC's of safe sleep: place baby to sleep alone, on his or her back, in a crib.

#### **INFANT MORTALITY FACTS**

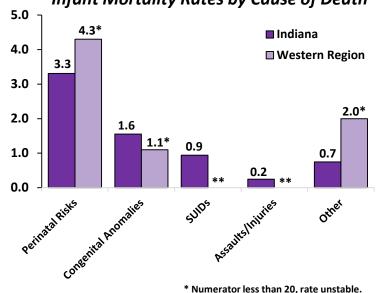
- Infant mortality is defined as the death of a baby before his or her first birthday.
- The infant mortality rate (IMR) is the number of babies who die in the first year of life, per 1,000 live births.
- Of the 559 Indiana infant deaths in 2018, 37 occurred in the Western Hospital Region.
- Non-Hispanic black infants are 2.2 times more likely to die than Non-Hispanic white infants in Indiana.

#### Infant Mortality Rates by Age at Death



Note: Age-specific and cause-specific mortality rates may not sum to the overall infant mortality rate due to rounding.

#### Infant Mortality Rates by Cause of Death



- \* Numerator less than 20, rate unstable.
- \*\* Rate suppressed due to low counts.

# BIRTH OUTCOME INDICATORS Western Hospital Region 2018

# INDIANA STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH DIVISION OF MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH

For more information on birth outcomes in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health
Stats Explorer, Natality Data (https://gis.in.gov/apps/isdh/meta/stats\_layers.htm)

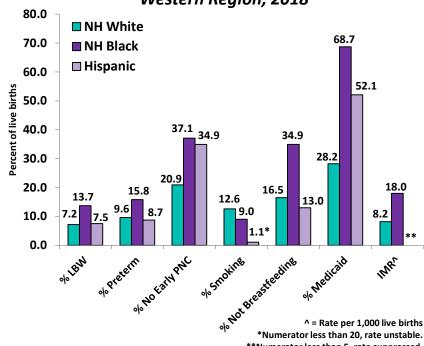
#### INDIANA QUICK FACTS

- Smoking rates among pregnant women continue to be much higher than the national rate.
- Almost 1/3 of pregnant women do not receive early PNC.
- NH black babies in Indiana are more likely to be LBW or preterm.
- Hispanic and NH black women in Indiana are more likely to not receive early (1st trimester) PNC.
- NH white women in Indiana are more likely to smoke during pregnancy.

#### **WESTERN REGION QUICK FACTS**

- There were 4,394 births in the Western Region in 2018.
- Lower percentage of LBW births and preterm births compared to Indiana.
- Higher percentage of women receiving early PNC in the first trimester compared to Indiana.
- Lower percentage of women smoking during pregnancy.
- · Higher percentage of breastfeeding at hospital discharge.

#### Outcomes by Race and Ethnicity, Western Region, 2018



\*\*Numerator less than 5, rate suppressed.

LBW = Low Birthweight PNC = Prenatal Care IMR = Infant Mortality Rate NH = Non-Hispanic

	% LBW (< 2,500 G)	% PRETERM (< 37 WKS GESTATION)	% NO EARLY PNC (1 <sup>ST</sup> TRIMESTER)	% SMOKING	% NOT BREASTFEEDING	% MOTHER ON MEDICAID
BENTON	10.2*	11.1*	30.6	23.1 <sup>s</sup>	27.8	40.7
BOONE	6.2	8.7	11.8 <sup>s</sup>	6.4 <sup>s</sup>	8.1 <sup>s</sup>	15.0 <sup>s</sup>
CARROLL	5.1*	8.8*	29.5	13.8	20.7	32.3
CLINTON	9.7	10.8	28.5	15.3	23.8	43.2
FOUNTAIN	9.1*	7.6*	28.4	19.3	21.8	41.6
MONTGOMERY	7.8	9.8	23.7 <sup>s</sup>	17.6 <sup>s</sup>	21.2	38.8
TIPPECANOE	7.9	10.5	24.8 <sup>s</sup>	8.1 <sup>s</sup>	16.3	34.7 <sup>s</sup>
WARREN	**	6.7*	30.7	13.3*	24.0*	28.0
WESTERN REGION	7.6	9.9	23.4	10.7	16.9	32.7
INDIANA	8.1	10.2	31.9	11.5	18.1	39.2

<sup>\* =</sup> Fewer than 20 birth outcomes, percentage unstable.

<sup>\*\* =</sup> Fewer than 5 birth outcomes, rate suppressed.

S = County significantly different from state.