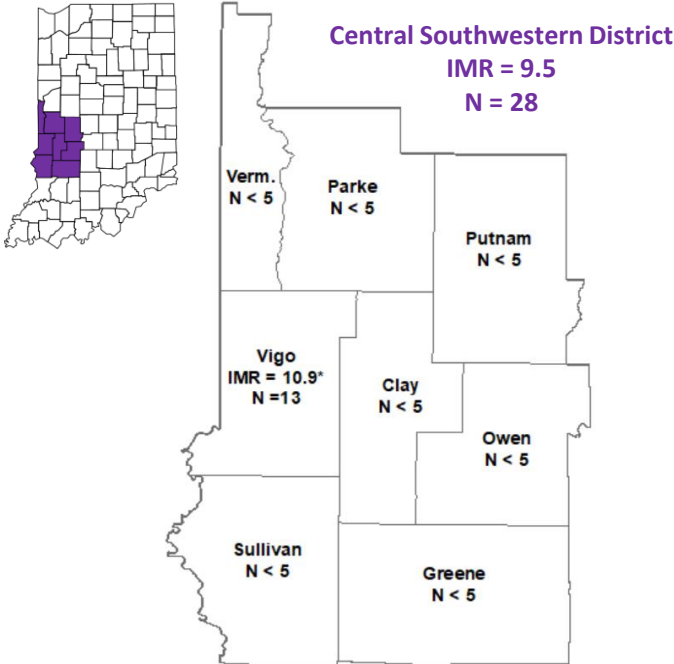


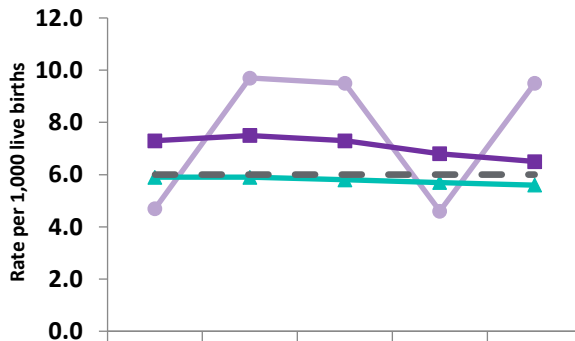
INFANT MORTALITY

Central Southwestern Hospital Region 2019

For more information on infant mortality in your area, please see the Indiana Department of Health Stats Explorer, Mortality Data (https://gis.in.gov/apps/isdh/meta/stats_layers.htm)



Infant Mortality Rates 2015 - 2019

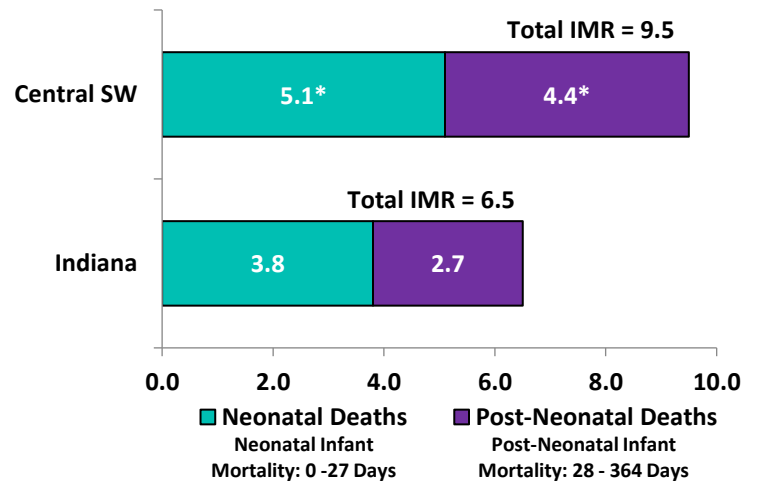


	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Central SW Region	4.7*	9.7	9.5	4.6*	9.5
Indiana	7.3	7.5	7.3	6.8	6.5
U.S.	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.6
HP 2020 Goal	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0

INFANT MORTALITY FACTS

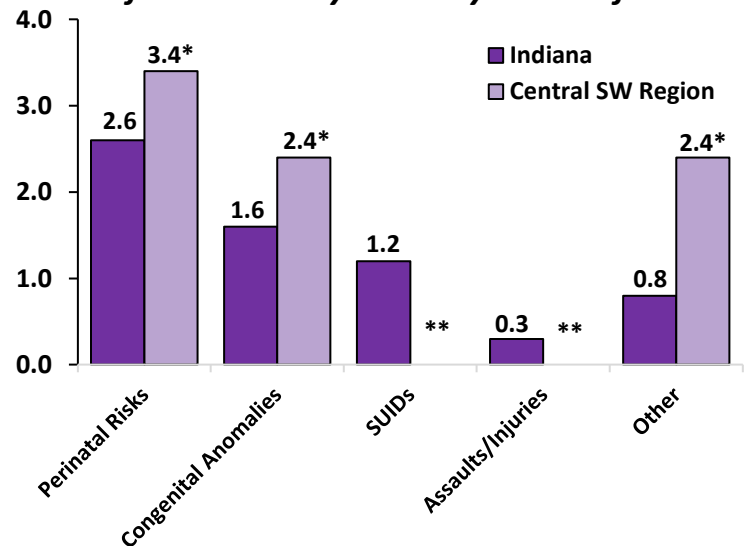
- Infant mortality is defined as the death of a baby before his or her first birthday.
- The infant mortality rate (IMR) is the number of babies who die in the first year of life, per 1,000 live births.
- Of the 527 Indiana infant deaths in 2019, 28 occurred in the Central Southwestern Hospital Region.
- Non-Hispanic black infants are 1.8 times more likely to die than Non-Hispanic white infants in Indiana.

Infant Mortality Rates by Age at Death



Note: Age-specific and cause-specific mortality rates may not sum to the overall infant mortality rate due to rounding.

Infant Mortality Rates by Cause of Death



* Numerator less than 20, rate unstable
** Rate suppressed due to low counts

PRACTICES TO REDUCE INFANT MORTALITY

- Improve overall health for women of child-bearing age.
- Promote early & adequate prenatal care.
- Decrease early elective deliveries before 39 weeks.
- Decrease prenatal smoking & substance use.
- Increase breastfeeding duration & exclusivity.
- Support birth spacing & interconception wellness.
- Promote the ABCs of safe sleep: place baby to sleep alone, on his or her back, in a crib.

For more information on birth outcomes in your area, please see the Indiana Department of Health Stats Explorer, Natality Data (https://gis.in.gov/apps/isdh/meta/stats_layers.htm)

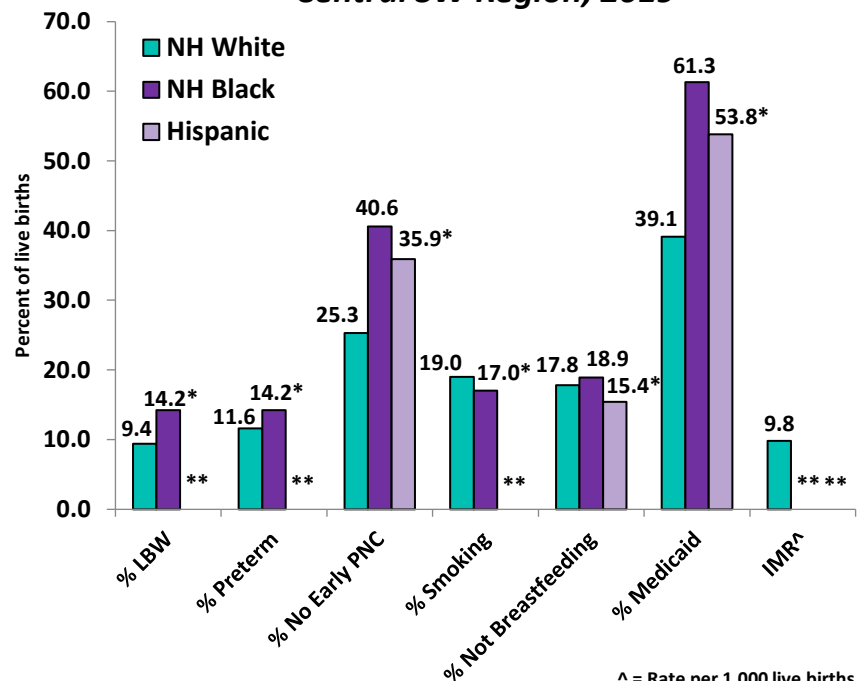
INDIANA QUICK FACTS

- Smoking rates among pregnant women continue to be much higher than the national rate.
- Almost 1/3 of pregnant women do not receive early PNC.
- NH black babies in Indiana are more likely to be LBW or preterm.
- Hispanic and NH black women in Indiana are more likely to not receive early 1st trimester PNC.
- NH white women in Indiana are more likely to smoke during pregnancy.

CENTRAL SW REGION QUICK FACTS

- There were 2,952 births in the Central Southwestern Region in 2019.
- Higher percentages of preterm and LBW births compared to the state of Indiana.
- Higher percentage of women smoking during pregnancy.
- Slightly higher percentage of breastfeeding at hospital discharge.
- Higher percentage of women receiving early PNC compared to the state of Indiana.

Outcomes by Race and Ethnicity, Central SW Region, 2019



[^] = Rate per 1,000 live births
* Numerator less than 20, rate unstable
** Numerator less than 5, rate suppressed

LBW = Low Birthweight PNC = Prenatal Care IMR = Infant Mortality Rate NH = Non-Hispanic

	% LBW (< 2,500 G)	% PRETERM (< 37 WKS GESTATION)	% NO EARLY PNC (1 ST TRIMESTER)	% SMOKING	% NOT BREASTFEEDING	% MOTHER ON MEDICAID
CLAY	8.5	7.9	24.2	20.1 ^S	16.7	40.3
GREENE	9.4	10.6	24.4	20.9 ^S	17.2	32.5
OWEN	6.0*	9.3	21.3	19.0	15.7	23.6 ^S
PARKE	6.2*	10.4	49.7 ^S	11.4	8.8*	22.8 ^S
PUTNAM	8.4	10.3	23.6	18.8 ^S	18.5	35.9
SULLIVAN	12.0	11.0	25.8	15.8	23.9	43.5
VERMILLION	11.4*	13.6*	26.4	23.6 ^S	15.7	47.9
VIGO	10.9	13.7 ^S	25.0 ^S	18.1 ^S	18.9	47.1 ^S
CENTRAL SW REGION	9.6	11.6	26.2	18.4	17.7	39.8
INDIANA	8.2	10.1	31.1	11.8	18.0	38.5

* = Fewer than 20 birth outcomes, percentage unstable

S = County significantly different from state