

Hoosier Responder

SEPTEMBER 2011 Volume 7, Issue IX

APPLICATIONS FOR AFG NOW BEING ACCEPTED

FEMA's
Assistance to
Firefighters
Grant (AFG)
program is
currently
accepting
applications for
grant funding to



provide the essentials that firefighters and first responders need to be safe and effective on the job. Fire departments (paid, volunteer and combination) and nonaffiliated EMS organizations serving urban, suburban, or rural communities in the United States and its territories are eligible to apply.

The categories for funding are:

- Firefighting and EMS equipment
 - · Including extended warranties and

boats under 20ft (new this year)

- Personal protective equipment (PPE)
- Fire and EMS vehicles
 - Applicants may apply for more than one vehicle (new this year)
- Training programs
- Wellness and fitness programs
 - Including behavioral health programs (new this year)
- Modifications to facilities

Applications are currently being accepted and must be submitted by **5PM EST September 16**th. For more information about the AFG program and to submit an application, visit <a href="https://www.fema.gov/firegrants.gov/firegrant

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From the Director's Chair-Executive Director Joe Wainscott TAKE TIME TO REMEMBER THOSE WHO RISK THEIR LIVES PROTECTING OTHERS

It is my honor to have the opportunity and privilege of serving the citizens of Indiana here at IDHS. It is an even greater honor to be able to recognize the men and women - the firefighters, police officers, emergency medical personnel, emergency management professionals, and members of our Armed Forces – who put themselves in harm's way for us each and every day. September IIth is a day for remembrance and reflection of that fateful day, now a decade ago, and the terrorist attacks on our way of life. As we remember not only the 343 firefighters and 72 police officers killed in the World Trade Center on 9/11, we also remember the more than 600 Indiana police, fire, and emergency

medical personnel who have lost their lives in the line of duty protecting Hoosiers through the years.

A simple thank you seems inappropriate for the extraordinary dedication required by public safety. Nearly 150 years ago, President Abraham Lincoln wrote to a grieving mother, "I feel how weak and fruitless must be any word of mine which should attempt to beguile you from the grief of a loss so overwhelming. But I cannot refrain from tendering you the consolation that may be found in the thanks of the Republic they died to save. I pray that our Heavenly Father may assuage the anguish of your bereavement, and leave you only the cherished memory of the loved and lost, and the solemn pride that must be

yours to have laid so costly a sacrifice upon the altar of freedom." The men and women we have paused to remember made the ultimate sacrifice.

We honor their memory and the "costly price laid upon the altar of freedom."

Several years ago, I had the privilege of assisting with the funeral of Goshen Police Officer Tom Goodwin, who was killed in the line of duty. That week I came across a story at the funeral home reprinted from Reader's Digest about our national flag. The American Flag is

(continued on page 3)

FCC ANNOUNCES PLANS FOR NEXT GENERATION 911

The Federal Communications
Commission (FCC) has recently
announced plans to upgrade the nation's
911 network. The plan, titled "Next
Generation 911" (NG911), will allow
dispatchers and first responders to
receive text messages, photos, and videos
through the emergency network.

"Next Generation 911 will be a huge benefit to emergency responders," said Indiana Department of Homeland Security Executive Director Joe Wainscott. "Providing additional information to responders will allow them to arrive on scene with a better understanding of what they are facing. This should allow for a better response to an emergency while keeping our responders safe by informing them of any potential hazards that may be present."

With more than 50 percent of 911 calls coming from cellular phones, the need to update emergency response communication networks to be able to accept multimedia messages from cellular phones. The plan will offer many benefits, including: increased public access in emergencies, enhanced information for first responders, and increased reliability of NG911 networks.

"Almost everyone in or near an emergency situation now and in the future will have access to these new communications technologies," said Julius Genachowski, Chairman of the FCC during the Association of Public-Safety Communications Officials annual meeting. "These technologies, and the fact of their widespread use, have the potential to revolutionize emergency response and save lives. But the unfortunate truth is that the capability of our emergency response communications has not kept pace with what ordinary people now do every day with communications devices."

According to Genachowski, Next Generation 911 will provide emergency responders with vital information that will allow them to better assess the emergency situation and respond properly. Imagine, he said "if an incident commander had instant access to multiple video streams and sources of information during an armed robbery. With NG 911, somebody in the car could send pictures of injuries and the scene to 911, which EMTs could review in advance. Once on scene, EMTs could send critical information back to the hospital, including on-site scans and diagnostic information, increasing odds of recovery."

Dispatchers would have the ability to access hospital capacity data, real-time traffic and road conditions, and video from the incident from traffic cameras to assist in the decision of who to dispatch and where to transport the victims.

The FCC has issued a "Five Step Action Plan to Improve the Deployment of Next Generation 9-1-1". The five steps of this plan are:

- Develop location accuracy mechanisms for NG-911
- Enable consumers to send text, photos, and videos to PSAPs (NPRM)
- Facilitate the completion and implementation of NG911 technical standard
- Develop a NG911 governance framework
- Develop an NG911 Funding Model

Genachowski noted that before NG911 can be implemented, funding must be secured. In order to get Congress on board with the plan, the FCC has developed a ""funding model" which includes a cost model prepared by both the FCC and Department of Homeland Security.

EMS SPOTLIGHT: INDIANA EMS COMMISSION MEMBER G. LEE TURPEN

Over the next few months, the Hoosier Responder will spotlight members of the EMS Commission who has worked to improve emergency medical service in Indiana.

The Indiana Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Commission was formed by the General Assembly in 1974. As stated in its enabling legislation, the commission is responsible for the establishment and maintenance of an effective system of emergency medical services. This includes the necessary equipment, personnel and facilities to ensure that all emergency patients receive prompt and adequate medical care throughout the range of emergency conditions

encountered.

G. Lee Turpen became an EMT-B in 1983. In 1987, he added to his credentials by becoming a Paramedic and Primary Instructor. Over his many years of service to the emergency medical service community, Turpen has received numerous awards and recognitions. The recipient of the Indiana Primary Instructor of the Year in 1998, Turpen was also named Indiana Paramedic of the Year in 2004.

Since 1987, Turpen has been employed by American Medical Response in Evansville, while also currently serving as a member of AMR's National Clinical Leadership Council, AMR management team as Quality Improvement/Clinical, and Vanderburgh County Emergency Management Agency. Turpen maintains paramedic certifications in Indiana, Kentucky, and Illinois, all while teaching Medical I at Ivy Tech Community College and I2-lead classes throughout Southern Indiana.

HOOSIERS SHARE THEIR EXPERIENCES FROM 9/11

I was in Old Town Alexandra, VA, about a 10 minute commute to Ronald Regan Int'l Airport. I was attending a conference on HUD Manufactured Housing. There were 4 of us from the office attending the conference. We were sitting in a meeting when we received the news of the 1st tower being struck. The majority of the people thought it was an "accident", like the time the kid flew his small propeller plan into the World Trade Center. The meeting moderator called a break and I went to my room to see the T.V. and discovered that is was not a small plane. As I was watching, the news broad caster announced that a commercial jet had just flown into the Pentagon! I sat and watched in complete desolation of what I seeing as the 2nd plan hit the 2nd tower.

The Washington D.C. area within the "beltway" which included Old Town Alexandra was shut down. No vehicles in or out. I felt like I was virtually cut off from the rest from the rest off from everything. Families back home, here in Indiana, were worried about our safety due to our close proximity to the Pentagon.

That evening we started hearing stories from people who had to walk out of Washington D.C. and how stranger offered people rides, food and water. I could not hear anymore and needed a break, so I went outside for some air and I was surrounded by total quite. It was so eerie not to hear cars, truck or plans, but to see gun boats going down the Potomac River and helicopters with guns mounted and police on just about every other corner.

For the first time in my life I felt completely helpless. I was scared that war had come to shores and we were just waiting to see what happened next. I do not talk very much about my experience, because I still get a feeling of dread and I pray that we, as a country and people never have to experience anything like this again. So, I don't mind waiting in line for security at the airport, I don't object to a "pat down", if it will prevent another 9/1 I or anything like it from happening again.

Shelly Wakefield

During the time of the events of September I Ith, I was working in the NY Metro area and we were immediately and directly affected within minutes of the first plane

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DIRECTORS COLUMN (Continued)

especially dear to those of us in public safety and military service and to those families who have sacrificed for the preservation of the ideals it represents. Our flag exemplifies public service, and the country we love and have sworn to protect.

The Banner Yet Waves

Children have crayoned it on paper with too few stars and too many stripes as their first notion of nationhood. Prisoners of war have secretly fashioned it from scraps and rags as the center of their hope and defiance. Mothers and widows have kept it carefully folded as a reminder of honor and sacrifice. With pomp of arms, Marines raise it over embassies and consulates from Argentina to Zimbabwe.

With no ceremony at all, janitors raise it over elementary schools and town halls from Maine to Oregon. Blurred like a hummingbird's wings, it flies from the aerial of speeding pickup trucks in western Texas. Still as a painting, it hangs in the humid night air as the national anthem echoes over 40,000 fans at Baltimore's Memorial Stadium. It is sewn on the uniform of the police officer in an Ohio town. It is printed on the T-shirt of a young woman roller-skating by a California beach. It flutters beside a tombstone in a rural Pennsylvania graveyard because someone remembered... It hangs soaked in the rain on a Wisconsin porch because someone forgot.

Tacked to a broken two-by-four in a tornadodevastated lowa trailer park, it says with feisty hope, "We're still here." It flies over battleships and over car dealerships. It stands by pulpits...and hangs over bars. It has been used and abused to tout waterbeds and soft ice cream, drugstores and amusement parks. It has been worn threadbare by the rhetoric of politicians, but somehow the American Flag... "Old Glory," has never become a cliché.

Ask the man on the street what's in the Constitution and you'll probably get embarrassing brevity, or silence. But Americans have an intuition about that document, and the focus of that intuition is the flag. It triggers within them the deepest feeling about a place where breadlines, prison camps and tanks in the square are not the general order of things. The flag signals to them a phenomenon of history that protects them from indignities, permits them peace, draws refugees with priceless hope, offers help with boundless heart, and earnestly seeks to correct its own problems.

Americans are often nonchalant about their freedom. But yes, the postmistress in the little village may offer up a prayer about her country as she hauls down the flag in the evening. And yes, aging veterans do shed a tear when the flag goes by on Memorial Day. And yes, the baseball fan anxious for the game to start gets a lump in his throat when he turns toward the starspangled banner to sing, "Oh, say, can you see..." Cynics will never understand why their charges of "flag-waving" only bewilder, amuse or insult the average citizen.

While Americans know that behind this rectangle of cloth there is blood and great sacrifice, there is also behind it an idea that redefined, once and forever, the meaning of hope and freedom. Lawyers and justices may debate the act of flagburning as freedom of expression. But a larger

point is inarguable: when someone dishonors or desecrates the banner, it deeply offends, because... the [American] flag says all that needs to be said about things worth preserving, loving, defending, [and] dying for.

-Author Unknown

Today, we live in a world fraught with danger; a world of increasingly greater demands on our public safety professionals. Yet, they run toward the dangers, knowing the risks, recognizing the potential costs, and still willingly do what must be done. George Orwell wrote, "People sleep peaceably in their beds at night only because rough men stand ready to do violence on their behalf." I believe that we sleep peaceably in our beds because some 60,000 dedicated Hoosier public safety professionals stand ready, around the clock to protect us and answer our calls for help.

In closing, it's appropriate to borrow a quote from former President Reagan, "We don't have to look to our history books for heroes...they are all around us...." I ask each of you to look to these men and women of public safety and our Armed Forces that we pass by every day. You will see that we are in the presence of heroes, they are all around us. Thank you my heroes, your service is honored and deeply appreciated... Stay vigilant, stay safe. •

IDHS: Leadership for a Safe and Secure Indiana

AS STUDENTS RETURN TO CAMPUS, FOLLOW THESE CAMPUS FIRE SAFETY TIPS

This fall, over 400,000 students return to dormitories, apartments, and other residences at the many colleges and universities in Indiana, according to STATS Indiana. For many, this may be the first time they will be living on their own, and students should pay attention to potential fire hazards to keep an accidental fire from ruining their semester.

According to statistics compiled by Campus Firewatch, 146 fatalities have occurred in the United States since 2000 as a result of campus-related fires. However, the number of fatalities has been decreasing; from a high of 20 fatalities in the 2006-2007 academic year to only six fatalities in 2010-2011. Some of the most common factors in these fatal fires are the lack of automatic fire sprinklers, missing or disabled smoke alarms, careless disposal of smoking materials, impaired judgment from alcohol consumption, and fires originating on upholstered furniture on decks or porches.

The month of September has been declared Campus Fire Safety Month in Indiana by Governor Mitch Daniels.

Here are a few tips to help prevent accidental fires for students at Indiana colleges and universities.

CAMPUS 2011 FIRE SAFETY FIRE SAFETY FIRE SAFETY OF LIVING

butts, especially under cushions. Chairs and sofas catch on fire fast and burn fast. Be alert - don't smoke in bed! If

you are sleepy or have been drinking, put your cigarette out first.

Candles

- · Avoid using lighted candles!
- Do not leave candles unattended.
- Keep candles away from draperies and linens.

Cooking

- Cook only where it is permitted.
- Keep your cooking area clean and uncluttered.
- If you use electric appliances, don't overload circuits.
- Never leave cooking unattended. If a fire starts in a microwave, keep the door closed and unplug the unit.

Smoking

- If you smoke, smoke outside.
- Make sure cigarettes and ashes are out. Never toss hot cigarette butts or ashes in the trash can.
- After a party, check for cigarette

Escape Planning

- If you have to escape through smoke, get low and go under the smoke to your exit.
- Before opening a door, feel the door.
 If it's hot, use your second way out.
- Use the stairs; never use an elevator during a fire.
- If you're trapped, call the fire department and tell them where you are. Seal your door with rags and signal from your window. Open windows slightly at the top and bottom; shut them if smoke rushes in from any direction.
- If you have a disability, alert others of the type of assistance you need to leave the building.

TEACHING PREPAREDNESS TO INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES

Teaching preparedness cannot be done with a one size fits all approach; different populations have different needs. Additionally, certain populations require special teaching methods to ensure the information is understood. People with developmental disabilities may learn new information more slowly than others. Thus, these individuals may need to have information presented many times and in multiple ways to fully grasp the material.

Using props, pictures, videos and handson methods are great ways to help an individual with a developmental or intellectual disability learn new information. When teaching these individuals about a specific topic, such as how to escape a room full of smoke, the instructor should consider these methods: talk with the participant about getting low to the ground to avoid smoke, show pictures of someone getting low in a room full of smoke and finding the exit, have participants talk about getting low and escaping a smoky room, and have participants demonstrate how to get low and escape a smoky room.

There are other things an instructor must remember when teaching individuals with developmental or intellectual disabilities. Always treat adults like adults and never like big children. Do not assume information has been learned until it has been demonstrated by the individual. Work slowly; take time to explain each picture, topic, or skill to ensure there is enough

time for the individual to fully understand the information. Use people -first language, such as "people with disabilities" or "people who are blind."

Everyone needs to have an understanding of how to respond in an emergency; individuals with disabilities are no different. Take time to understand who you are teaching the material to and cater your teaching methods to ensure the level is appropriate for the individual.

For more information on how to teach preparedness to individuals with disabilities, visit

www.disabilitypreparedness.gov. •

IDHS: Leadership for a Safe and Secure Indiana

NFPA RELEASES FINDINGS OF FIRE DEPARTMENT NEEDS SURVEY

The National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) recently conducted a survey to

identify the needs of fire departments throughout the United States for resources required to effectively and safely carry out their responsibility. The findings were published in a report titled "A Third Needs Assessment of the U.S. Fire Service." The survey was designed to identify gaps between the

resources available to fire departments and the resources the NFPA lists in its codes and standards. This is the third report of fire department needs since a request for the information was given by Congress.

"Fire service needs are extensive across the board, and in nearly every area of

need; the smaller the community protected, the greater the need," said

- 70% of fire departments have no program to maintain basic firefighter fitness and health
- 65% of portable radios do not have water resistance
- 27% of the U.S. population live in communities protected by departments that do not provide a school fire safety program based on a national curriculum

protection to their communities."

Some of the findings from the survey showed that many departments have benefitted from Assistance to Firefighter Grants to meet the needs of firefighters. The results showed that 46% of fire departments responsible for structural firefighting have not formally trained all

NFPA President lames M. Shannon.

"While we are seeing the positive impact of well-targeted grants, there is more to be done to ensure our nation's fire departments are prepared to provide the necessary

personnel for structural fires; this is down from 55% in 2001 and 53% in 2005. About 46% of fire department engines and pumpers were more than 15 years old, showing a slight improvement since previous surveys. One of the areas that showed the most improvement was in regards to personal alert safety system (PASS) devices. Thirty-nine percent of fire departments do not have enough PASS devices to equip all emergency responders on a given shift. This is a decrease of 23% over the last decade.

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For more information about the NFPA Needs Assessment survey, visit www.nfpa.org/needsassessment.

FIRE SPOTLIGHT: IERC HONORS NEW ALBANY FIREFIGHTERS WITH OTIS R. **BOWEN M.D. HEROIC RESCUE AWARD**

Robert L. Carl and Sgt. Jon Proctor were firefighters recently honored with the Otis R. Bowen, M.D. Heroic Rescue Award and the 2011 Indiana Emergency Response Conference. Proctor and Carl, both from the New Albany Fire Department, were given this award for their efforts in a rescue on April 23, 2011.

After heavy rains had moved through the area, the New Albany Fire Department received word of a man hanging from a tree branch in Silver Creek. The man had been walking on a bridge when an oncoming vehicle forced him to fall into the creek. Numerous firefighters responded to the incident and launched a boat into the rushing water. A life jacket was floated to the victim, but he was unable to retrieve the jacket in the water. After the failed attempt with the life jacket, Carl and Proctor then jumped into the water to save him. The

were able to swim to the victim and bring him back to safety, where he was then taken to a nearby hospital.

"Because of their courage, bravery, and teamwork, these persons

are deserving of the Otis R. Bowen, M.D. Heroic Rescue Award," said George J. Squier, Battalion Chief of the New Albany Fire Department.

Robert L. Carl has 25 years experience as a firefighter; ten of these years as a



Fire Chief Dan Sink, Indiana Fire Chiefs Association presents the award for The Otis R. Bowen, M.D. Heroic Rescue Award to Robert L. Carl, Jr., New Albany Fire Department. Also receiving the same award and not pictured was Sgt. John Proctor of the New Albany Fire Department.

volunteer and 15 as a career firefighter. Sgt. Jon Proctor has been with the New Albany Fire Department for 11 years. To be considered for this award, the person must demonstrate a degree of courage and bravery, while showing an understanding of

the seriousness of the situation and risks involved.

HOOSIERS SHARE THEIR EXPERIENCE FROM 9/11 (Continued)

hitting the towers. Concerns initially came from a business standpoint as we had offices located in the Trade Center and our Business Continuity Plan was immediately in effect to secure business personnel. confidential information and insure an uninterrupted course of daily business. Upon witnessing the impact of the second plane, concerns grew immediately deeper, not only from a business continuity standpoint but also from personal direction for our employees. It was clear that this was more than an accident and not only did so many of us have colleagues in the buildings, but family members as well. Though we were located off of Manhattan Island, this was happening in our front yard. Our office building was located a very short distance from Sikorsky Aircraft as they were a large client of ours. Our building was locked down and our day was suddenly taken from a regular business day to a day of bustling, phones ringing, locating personnel, War Room meetings, discussions of how to support various world military organizations since they were clients of ours as well, and reassurance to the many Middle Eastern foreigners that were in the US working for us on 90 day visas. In the weeks to follow, we quickly moved from assessment to response to rescue to recovery, all the while reassuring those around us while trying to reassure ourselves. The entire surrounding area changed...no longer was it the hustle and bustle of the NYC attitude and the quiet bedroom communities that were on the other side of the water. Some communities were all but lost and there wasn't a single one that didn't witness a funeral in the coming months.

Several years later, I found myself living in Indianapolis, working for a different company and making new friends. I found myself talking with another newcomer in our office fairly regularly and our conversation somehow turned to our experiences that day. He had recently moved to Indianapolis from the DC area and had been working in the metro area when the Pentagon was hit. His description of the chaos, panic and attitude change that he witnessed were all too familiar to what I'd witnessed myself in the Northeast. Both of us clearly were effected even years later not only personally but in such a way that it refocused our careers on "rebuilding". We both worked in the construction industry...I as a designer / construction project manager, and he as a contractor /

construction project manager...both of us now with disaster preparedness and recover experience.

We quickly found that this was only one of various similarities that we had. After a short time of dating and a fairly long engagement, we were married last fall. When we were choosing dates, September 11th was open. Both families expressed that they'd rather we not choose that date. Over the planning period, plans and decisions changed as they do and we found ourselves getting married on a day and in a place that we had not planned in advance for. Due to some family considerations, we changed our plans, simplified and moved our event East. We were married not 20 miles from where I'd witnessed the events, on September 18th, just one week after, on a day as clear as it was that day. Though the two events are otherwise unrelated. I can't help but make the association in my head when someone asks when we were married.

Just this past spring, only a few months after our wedding, we finally had a free day to spend together and woke up to a forecast of rainy weather. It was a dreary morning and seemed to be a perfect day for a matinee movie, something we rarely do. Upon exiting the theatre, much to our delight, we were happy to see that the sun had come out, clouds had virtually disappeared completely and it was still early in the day! I don't believe we were even out of the theatre parking lot yet when we'd heard on the radio, simply by coincidence, that there would be a welcoming ceremony for steel from the WTC Towers arriving at the War Memorial downtown in about 30 minutes. Without conversation, we both knew we wanted to be there. We made a very quick stop home to retrieve my camera and discussed our best bets for parking given we would be rushing to arrive at the last minute. It seemed only appropriate that a former NYer and a former DCer be there together in Indy to see a portion of that day be respected. With haste in our step, we crossed Meridian just north of the Memorial as The National Anthem was being sung. I, being only a little over 5'-4" could not see the flag over the heads of those in front of me so sought out a spot on the small knoll just west of the path. It is from this vantage point that I took the photo accompanying our story.

When I got home that evening and was going through the photos I'd taken that day, this one stood out above them all. It was a moving ceremony and honorable memorial to not just those who perished that day but those who survived it as well. The Airman photographer is nameless to me but as he was capturing a symbol and moment of sacrifice for our country, I was able to capture him as well as symbol in a moment of pride for us. I feel lucky to have captured this image of him literally standing above the rest.



Patti Hutzel

I was working 3rd shift at a local hospital when the 911 attacks occurred. My usual routine at that time was to come home from work, get my grade school aged son up, fed, dressed, out the door and on to the school bus. I would then go directly to bed but for some reason, on that morning, I turned on the TV and began watching one of the morning news programs. This is something I NEVER did. As my husband was leaving for work he urged me to go to bed sighting the fact that I would be too crabby to live with that evening if I didn't get my sleep. I got up and went to bed but felt so restless that as soon as my husband was out the door I got up and went back to the TV.

Within minutes the first "breaking news" interruption occurred and as the broadcaster on the scene was describing the "freak accident", while facing the camera, the second tower was hit. The broadcaster turned, began to lose his cool just a bit, and I felt my stomach drop. I began to cry and felt an intense sense of fear. I never once thought that perhaps computers had crashed nationwide and the planes navigation systems were to blame. I felt in my bones that it was a purposeful attack. I watched and cried all day. I only managed to get about two or three hours sleep before going into work that night.

Sharon Smith

UPCOMING TRAININGS ON THE IDHS TRAINING CALENDAR

Providing training opportunities to emergency responders throughout Indiana is a priority for the Indiana Department of Homeland Security (IDHS). These courses are listed on the IDHS Consolidated Training Calendar which is continuously updated as new courses become available.

To access this calendar visit the IDHS Preparedness & Training Division webpage and click the Consolidated Training Calendar link at www.in.gov/

dhs/tngbranch.htm or click here.

All Hazards Logistics Section Chief

Anderson Fire Dept. Training Center 5812 MLK Jr. Blvd. Anderson 46013 September 26-30

This course is designed to provide local and state-level emergency responders with a robust understanding of the duties, responsibilities, and capabilities of an effective LSC on an All-Hazards Incident Management Team.

All Hazards Division Group Supervisor

Kosciusko County EMA 121 N. Lake St. Warsaw, IN 46580 October 3-5

This course is designed to provide local and state-level emergency responders with a robust understanding of the duties, responsibilities, and capabilities of an effective Division/Group Supervisor (DIVS) on an All Hazards Incident Management Team (AHIMT). The course walks participants through general information, including an overview of the Operations Section and information on incident mobilization, initial situation awareness, and unit management.

PREPAREDNESS MONTH AND 9/11 EVENTS THROUGHOUT INDIANA

Fishers Fire Safety Day

St. Vincent Medical Center NE 13914 Greenfield Ave, Fishers, IN September 18, 12:00pm-4:00pm

9/11 Tribute Concert

Coffee Creek Amphitheater 2401 Village Point, Chesterton, IN September 11-12

Common Ground 10 Year Reunion

Military Park 801 W. Washington Street, Indianapolis September 11

Display 3,000 American Flags

Bearcreek Farms Country Resort 8341 N CR 400 E, Bearcreek, IN September 2-11

9/11 Remembrance w/local Firefighters

Ivy Tech Community College 200 Daniels Way, Bloomington, IN September II, I:00pm-3:00pm

Dedication of Project 9/11 Indianapolis

White River Canal 421 West Ohio Street Indianapolis, Indiana September 11, 4:00pm-7:00pm

9/11 Stair Climb and Public Safety Day

Parkview Field, Fort Wayne September II · 8:00am - II:00am

Commemorate 9/11 - Donate Blood

September I - September 10 Avon, Carmel, Columbus, Fishers, Greenwood, Indianapolis, Lafayette, Muncie, Terre Haute

http://www.indianablood.org/Donors/DonorInitiatives/Pages/911Remembrance.aspx





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